

Data Sheet

FEATURES:

- Single Voltage Read and Write Operations
 - 5.0V-only for SST29EE010
 - 3.0-3.6V for SST29LE010
 - 2.7-3.6V for SST29VE010
- Superior Reliability
 - Endurance: 100,000 Cycles (typical)
 - Greater than 100 years Data Retention
- Low Power Consumption
 - Active Current: 20 mA (typical) for 5V and 10 mA (typical) for 3.0/2.7V
 - Standby Current: 10 μA (typical)
- · Fast Page-Write Operation
 - 128 Bytes per Page, 1024 Pages
 - Page-Write Cycle: 5 ms (typical)
 - Complete Memory Rewrite: 5 sec (typical)
 - Effective Byte-Write Cycle Time: 39 μs (typical)
- Fast Read Access Time
 - 5.0V-only operation: 70 and 90 ns3.0-3.6V operation: 150 and 200 ns2.7-3.6V operation: 200 and 250 ns

- Latched Address and Data
- Automatic Write Timing
 - Internal V_{PP} Generation
- End of Write Detection
 - Toggle Bit
 - Data# Polling
- Hardware and Software Data Protection
- Product Identification can be accessed via Software Operation
- TTL I/O Compatibility
- JEDEC Standard
 - Flash EEPROM Pinouts and command sets
- Packages Available
 - 32-lead PLCC
 - 32-lead TSOP (8mm x 14mm, 8mm x 20mm)
 - 32-pin PDIP

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The SST29EE/LE/VE010 are 128K x8 CMOS Page-Write EEPROMs manufactured with SST's proprietary, high performance CMOS SuperFlash technology. The split-gate cell design and thick oxide tunneling injector attain better reliability and manufacturability compared with alternate approaches. The SST29EE/LE/VE010 write with a single power supply. Internal Erase/Program is transparent to the user. The SST29EE/LE/VE010 conform to JEDEC standard pinouts for byte-wide memories.

Featuring high performance Page-Write, the SST29EE/LE/VE010 provide a typical Byte-Write time of 39 µsec. The entire memory, i.e., 128 KBytes, can be written page-bypage in as little as 5 seconds, when using interface features such as Toggle Bit or Data# Polling to indicate the completion of a Write cycle. To protect against inadvertent write, the SST29EE/LE/VE010 have on-chip hardware and Software Data Protection schemes. Designed, manufactured, and tested for a wide spectrum of applications, the SST29EE/LE/VE010 are offered with a guaranteed Page-Write endurance of 10,000 cycles. Data retention is rated at greater than 100 years.

The SST29EE/LE/VE010 are suited for applications that require convenient and economical updating of program, configuration, or data memory. For all system applications, the SST29EE/LE/VE010 significantly improve performance and reliability, while lowering power consumption. The SST29EE/LE/VE010 improve flexibility while lowering the cost for program, data, and configuration storage applications.

To meet high density, surface mount requirements, the SST29EE/LE/VE010 are offered in 32-lead PLCC and 32-lead TSOP packages. A 600-mil, 32-pin PDIP package is also available. See Figures 1, 2, and 3 for pinouts.

Device Operation

The SST Page-Mode EEPROM offers in-circuit electrical write capability. The SST29EE/LE/VE010 does not require separate Erase and Program operations. The internally timed write cycle executes both erase and program transparently to the user. The SST29EE/LE/VE010 have industry standard optional Software Data Protection, which SST recommends always to be enabled. The SST29EE/LE/VE010 are compatible with industry standard EEPROM pinouts and functionality.



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Read

The Read operations of the SST29EE/LE/VE010 are controlled by CE# and OE#, both have to be low for the system to obtain data from the outputs. CE# is used for device selection. When CE# is high, the chip is deselected and only standby power is consumed. OE# is the output control and is used to gate data from the output pins. The data bus is in high impedance state when either CE# or OE# is high. Refer to the read cycle timing diagram for further details (Figure 4).

Write

The Page-Write to the SST29EE/LE/VE010 should always use the JEDEC Standard Software Data Protection (SDP) three-byte command sequence. The SST29EE/LE/VE010 contain the optional JEDEC approved Software Data Protection scheme. SST recommends that SDP always be enabled, thus, the description of the Write operations will be given using the SDP enabled format. The three-byte SDP Enable and SDP Write commands are identical; therefore, any time a SDP Write command is issued, Software Data Protection is automatically assured. The first time the three-byte SDP command is given, the device becomes SDP enabled. Subsequent issuance of the same command bypasses the data protection for the page being written. At the end of the desired Page-Write, the entire device remains protected. For additional descriptions, please see the application notes, The Proper Use of JEDEC Standard Software Data Protection and Protecting Against Unintentional Writes When Using Single Power Supply Flash Memories.

The Write operation consists of three steps. Step 1 is the three-byte load sequence for Software Data Protection. Step 2 is the byte-load cycle to a page buffer of the SST29EE/LE/VE010. Steps 1 and 2 use the same timing for both operations. Step 3 is an internally controlled write cycle for writing the data loaded in the page buffer into the memory array for nonvolatile storage. During both the SDP three-byte load sequence and the byte-load cycle, the addresses are latched by the falling edge of either CE# or WE#, whichever occurs last. The data is latched by the rising edge of either CE# or WE#, whichever occurs first. The internal write cycle is initiated by the T_{BLCO} timer after the rising edge of WE# or CE#, whichever occurs first. The Write cycle, once initiated, will continue to completion, typically within 5 ms. See Figures 5 and 6 for WE# and CE# controlled Page-Write cycle timing diagrams and Figures 15 and 17 for flowcharts.

The Write operation has three functional cycles: the Software Data Protection load sequence, the page load cycle, and the internal write cycle. The Software Data Protection

consists of a specific three-byte load sequence that allows writing to the selected page and will leave the SST29EE/LE/VE010 protected at the end of the Page-Write. The page load cycle consists of loading 1 to 128 bytes of data into the page buffer. The internal write cycle consists of the T_{BLCO} time-out and the write timer operation. During the Write operation, the only valid reads are Data# Polling and Toggle Bit.

The Page-Write operation allows the loading of up to 128 bytes of data into the page buffer of the SST29EE/LE/VE010 before the initiation of the internal write cycle. During the internal write cycle, all the data in the page buffer is written simultaneously into the memory array. Hence, the Page-Write feature of SST29EE/LE/VE010 allow the entire memory to be written in as little as 5 seconds. During the internal write cycle, the host is free to perform additional tasks, such as to fetch data from other locations in the system to set up the write to the next page. In each Page-Write operation, all the bytes that are loaded into the page buffer must have the same page address, i.e. A₇ through A₁₆. Any byte not loaded with user data will be written to FFH.

See Figures 5 and 6 for the Page-Write cycle timing diagrams. If after the completion of the three-byte SDP load sequence or the initial byte-load cycle, the host loads a second byte into the page buffer within a byte-load cycle time (T_{BLC}) of 100 µs, the SST29EE/LE/VE010 will stay in the page load cycle. Additional bytes are then loaded consecutively. The page load cycle will be terminated if no additional byte is loaded into the page buffer within 200 µs (T_{BLCO}) from the last byte-load cycle, i.e., no subsequent WE# or CE# high-to-low transition after the last rising edge of WE# or CE#. Data in the page buffer can be changed by a subsequent byte-load cycle. The page load period can continue indefinitely, as long as the host continues to load the device within the byte-load cycle time of 100 µs. The page to be loaded is determined by the page address of the last byte loaded.

Software Chip-Erase

The SST29EE/LE/VE010 provide a Chip-Erase operation, which allows the user to simultaneously clear the entire memory array to the "1" state. This is useful when the entire device must be quickly erased.

The Software Chip-Erase operation is initiated by using a specific six-byte load sequence. After the load sequence, the device enters into an internally timed cycle similar to the Write cycle. During the Erase operation, the only valid read is Toggle Bit. See Table 4 for the load sequence, Figure 10 for timing diagram, and Figure 19 for the flowchart.



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Write Operation Status Detection

The SST29EE/LE/VE010 provide two software means to detect the completion of a Write cycle, in order to optimize the system write cycle time. The software detection includes two status bits: Data# Polling (DQ $_7$) and Toggle Bit (DQ $_6$). The end of write detection mode is enabled after the rising WE# or CE# whichever occurs first, which initiates the internal write cycle.

The actual completion of the nonvolatile write is asynchronous with the system; therefore, either a Data# Polling or Toggle Bit read may be simultaneous with the completion of the Write cycle. If this occurs, the system may possibly get an erroneous result, i.e., valid data may appear to conflict with either DQ₇ or DQ₆. In order to prevent spurious rejection, if an erroneous result occurs, the software routine should include a loop to read the accessed location an additional two (2) times. If both reads are valid, then the device has completed the Write cycle, otherwise the rejection is valid.

Data# Polling (DQ7)

When the SST29EE/LE/VE010 are in the internal write cycle, any attempt to read DQ_7 of the last byte loaded during the byte-load cycle will receive the complement of the true data. Once the Write cycle is completed, DQ_7 will show true data. The device is then ready for the next operation. See Figure 7 for Data# Polling timing diagram and Figure 16 for a flowchart.

Toggle Bit (DQ₆)

During the internal write cycle, any consecutive attempts to read DQ_6 will produce alternating 0s and 1s, i.e. toggling between 0 and 1. When the Write cycle is completed, the toggling will stop. The device is then ready for the next operation. See Figure 8 for Toggle Bit timing diagram and Figure 16 for a flowchart. The initial read of the Toggle Bit will typically be a "1".

Data Protection

The SST29EE/LE/VE010 provide both hardware and software features to protect nonvolatile data from inadvertent writes.

Hardware Data Protection

Noise/Glitch Protection: A WE# or CE# pulse of less than 5 ns will not initiate a Write cycle.

 V_{DD} Power Up/Down Detection: The Write operation is inhibited when V_{DD} is less than 2.5V.

<u>Write Inhibit Mode:</u> Forcing OE# low, CE# high, or WE# high will inhibit the Write operation. This prevents inadvertent writes during power-up or power-down.

Software Data Protection (SDP)

The SST29EE/LE/VE010 provide the JEDEC approved optional Software Data Protection scheme for all data alteration operations, i.e., Write and Chip-Erase. With this scheme, any Write operation requires the inclusion of a series of three byte-load operations to precede the data loading operation. The three byte-load sequence is used to initiate the Write cycle, providing optimal protection from inadvertent write operations, e.g., during the system power-up or power-down. The SST29EE/LE/VE010 are shipped with the Software Data Protection disabled.

The software protection scheme can be enabled by applying a three-byte sequence to the device, during a pageload cycle (Figures 5 and 6). The device will then be automatically set into the data protect mode. Any subsequent Write operation will require the preceding three-byte sequence. See Table 4 for the specific software command codes and Figures 5 and 6 for the timing diagrams. To set the device into the unprotected mode, a six-byte sequence is required. See Table 4 for the specific codes and Figure 9 for the timing diagram. If a write is attempted while SDP is enabled the device will be in a non-accessible state for ~300 µs. SST recommends Software Data Protection always be enabled. See Figure 17 for flowcharts.

The SST29EE/LE/VE010 Software Data Protection is a global command, protecting (or unprotecting) all pages in the entire memory array once enabled (or disabled). Therefore using SDP for a single Page-Write will enable SDP for the entire array. Single pages by themselves cannot be SDP enabled or disabled.

Single power supply reprogrammable nonvolatile memories may be unintentionally altered. SST strongly recommends that Software Data Protection (SDP) always be enabled. The SST29EE/LE/VE010 should be programmed using the SDP command sequence. SST recommends the SDP Disable Command Sequence not be issued to the device prior to writing.

Please refer to the following Application Notes for more information on using SDP:

- Protecting Against Unintentional Writes When Using Single Power Supply Flash Memories
- The Proper Use of JEDEC Standard Software Data Protection



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Product Identification

The product identification mode identifies the device as the SST29EE/LE/VE010 and manufacturer as SST. This mode is accessed via software. For details, see Table 4, Figure 11 for the software ID entry and read timing diagram and Figure 18, for the ID entry command sequence flowchart.

TABLE 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

	Address	Data
Manufacturer's ID	0000H	BFH
Device ID		
SST29EE010	0001H	07H
SST29LE010	0001H	08H
SST29VE010	0001H	08H

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Product Identification Mode Exit

In order to return to the standard read mode, the Software Product Identification mode must be exited. Exiting is accomplished by issuing the Software ID Exit (reset) operation, which returns the device to the Read operation. The Reset operation may also be used to reset the device to the Read mode after an inadvertent transient condition that apparently causes the device to behave abnormally, e.g., not read correctly. See Table 4 for software command codes, Figure 12 for timing waveform, and Figure 18 for a flowchart.

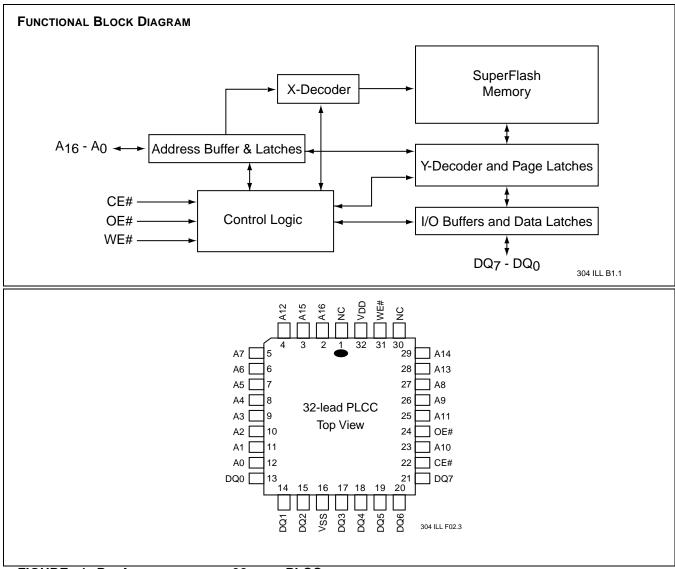


FIGURE 1: PIN ASSIGNMENTS FOR 32-LEAD PLCC



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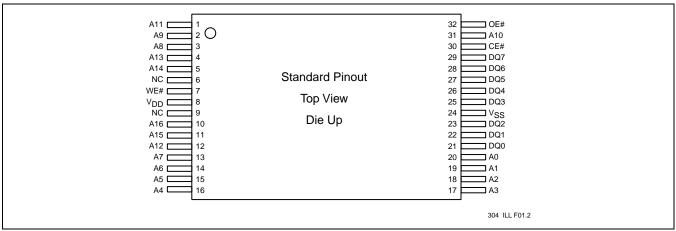


FIGURE 2: PIN ASSIGNMENTS FOR 32-LEAD TSOP

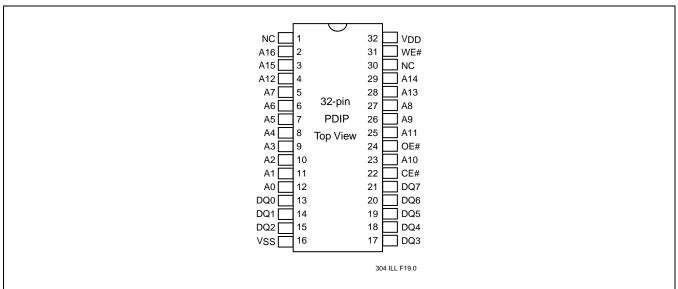


FIGURE 3: PIN ASSIGNMENTS FOR 32-PIN PDIP

TABLE 2: PIN DESCRIPTION

Symbol	Pin Name	Functions					
A ₁₆ -A ₇	Row Address Inputs	To provide memory addresses. Row addresses define a page for a Write cycle.					
A_6-A_0	Column Address Inputs	Column Addresses are toggled to load page data					
DQ ₇ -DQ ₀	Data Input/output	To output data during Read cycles and receive input data during Write cycles. Data is internally latched during a Write cycle. The outputs are in tri-state when OE# or CE# is high.					
CE#	Chip Enable	To activate the device when CE# is low.					
OE#	Output Enable	To gate the data output buffers.					
WE#	Write Enable	To control the Write operations.					
V_{DD}	Power Supply	To provide: 5.0V supply (±10%) for SST29EE010 3.0V supply (3.0-3.6V) for SST29LE010 2.7V supply (2.7-3.6V) for SST29VE010					
V_{SS}	Ground						
NC	No Connection	Unconnected pins.					

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TABLE 3: OPERATION MODES SELECTION

Mode	CE#	OE#	WE#	DQ	Address
Read	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	D _{OUT}	A _{IN}
Page-Write	VIL	V _{IH}	V _{IL}	D _{IN}	A _{IN}
Standby	V _{IH}	X ¹	Х	High Z	x
Write Inhibit	Х	V_{IL}	Х	High Z/ D _{OUT}	x
	X	Х	V _{IH}	High Z/ D _{OUT}	x
Software Chip-Erase	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	D _{IN}	A _{IN.} See Table 4
Product Identification					
Software Mode	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	V _{IL}	Manufacturer's ID (BFH) Device ID ²	See Table 4
SDP Enable Mode	V _{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}		See Table 4
SDP Disable Mode	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	V_{IL}		See Table 4

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- 1. X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}, but no other value.
- 2. Device ID = 07H for SST29EE010 and 08H for SST29LE/VE010

TABLE 4: SOFTWARE COMMAND SEQUENCE

Command	1st E Write (2nd E Write C		3rd E Write (4th E Write (5th B Write C		6th E Write (
Sequence	Addr ¹	Data										
Software Data Protect Enable & Page-Write	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	A0H	Addr ²	Data				
Software Data Protect Disable	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	80H	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	20H
Software Chip-Erase ³	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	80H	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	10H
Software ID Entry ^{4,5}	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	90H						
Software ID Exit	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	F0H						
Alternate Software ID Entry ⁶	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	80H	5555H	AAH	2AAAH	55H	5555H	60H

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- 1. Address format A_{14} - A_0 (Hex), Addresses A_{15} and A_{16} can be V_{IL} or V_{IH} , but no other value."
- 2. Page-Write consists of loading up to 128 Bytes (A₆-A₀)
- 3. The software Chip-Erase function is not supported by the industrial temperature part. Please contact SST if you require this function for an industrial temperature part.
- 4. The device does not remain in Software Product ID Mode if powered down.
- 5. With A_{14} - A_{1} =0; SST Manufacturer's ID= BFH, is read with A_{0} = 0, SST29EE010 Device ID = 07H, is read with A_{0} = 1 SST29LE/VE010 Device ID = 08H, is read with A_{0} = 1
- 6. Alternate six-byte Software Product ID Command Code

Note: This product supports both the JEDEC standard three-byte command code sequence and SST's original six-byte command code sequence. For new designs, SST recommends that the three-byte command code sequence be used.



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Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings (Applied conditions greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these conditions or conditions greater than those defined in the operational sections of this data sheet is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum stress rating conditions may affect device reliability.)

Temperature Under Bias	55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
D. C. Voltage on Any Pin to Ground Potential	\dots -0.5V to V _{DD} + 0.5V
Transient Voltage (<20 ns) on Any Pin to Ground Potential	1.0V to V _{DD} + 1.0V
Voltage on A ₉ Pin to Ground Potential	0.5V to 14.0V
Package Power Dissipation Capability (Ta = 25°C)	1.0W
Through Hold Lead Soldering Temperature (10 Seconds)	300°C
Surface Mount Lead Soldering Temperature (3 Seconds)	240°C
Output Short Circuit Current ¹	100 mA

OPERATING RANGE FOR SST29EE010

Range	Ambient Temp	V_{DD}
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	5.0V±10%
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	5.0V±10%

OPERATING RANGE FOR SST29LE010

Range	Ambient Temp	V_{DD}
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	3.0-3.6V
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	3.0-3.6V

OPERATING RANGE FOR SST29VE010

Range	Ambient Temp	V_{DD}		
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	2.7-3.6V		
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	2.7-3.6V		

AC CONDITIONS OF TEST

Input Rise/Fall Time 10 ns
Output Load 1 TTL Gate and C _L = 100 pF
See Figures 13 and 14



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TABLE 5: DC OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS $V_{DD} = 5.0V \pm 10\%$ FOR SST29EE010

		Limits				
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Test Conditions	
I _{DD}	Power Supply Current				Address input=V _{IL} /V _{IH} , at f=1/T _{RC} Min, V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max	
	Read		30	mA	CE#=OE#=V _{IL} , WE#=V _{IH} , all I/Os open	
	Write		50 mA CE#=WE#=V _{IL} ,		CE#=WE#=V _{IL} , OE#=V _{IH} , V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max	
I _{SB1}	Standby V _{DD} Current (TTL input)		3	mA	CE#=OE#=WE#=V _{IH} , V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max	
I _{SB2}	Standby V _{DD} Current (CMOS input)		50	μA	CE#=OE#=WE#= V_{DD} -0.3V, V_{DD} = V_{DD} Max	
I _{LI}	Input Leakage Current		1	μΑ	V _{IN} =GND to V _{DD} , V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max	
I_{LO}	Output Leakage Current		10	μΑ	V_{OUT} =GND to V_{DD} , V_{DD} = V_{DD} Max	
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		0.8	V	V _{DD} =V _{DD} Min	
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0		V	V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage		0.4	V	I _{OL} =2.1 mA, V _{DD} =V _{DD} Min	
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	2.4		V	I _{OH} =-400 μA, V _{DD} =V _{DD} Min	

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TABLE 6: DC OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS $V_{DD} = 3.0-3.6V$ for SST29LE010 and 2.7-3.0V for SST29VE010

		L	imits		
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I _{DD}	Power Supply Current				Address input=V _{IL} /V _{IH} , at f=1/T _{RC} Min, V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max
	Read		12	mA	CE#=OE#=V _{IL} , WE#=V _{IH} , all I/Os open
	Write		15	mA	CE#=WE#=V _{IL} , OE#=V _{IH} , V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max
I _{SB1}	Standby V _{DD} Current (TTL input)		1	mA	CE#=OE#=WE#=V _{IH} , V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max
I _{SB2}	Standby V _{DD} Current (CMOS input)		15	μΑ	CE#=OE#=WE#=V _{DD} -0.3V, V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max
ILI	Input Leakage Current		1	μΑ	V _{IN} =GND to V _{DD} , V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current		10	μΑ	V _{OUT} =GND to V _{DD} , V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		0.8	V	V _{DD} =V _{DD} Min
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0		V	V _{DD} =V _{DD} Max
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage		0.4	V	I _{OL} =100 μA, V _{DD} =V _{DD} Min
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	2.4		V	I _{OH} =-100 μA, V _{DD} =V _{DD} Min

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TABLE 7: RECOMMENDED SYSTEM POWER-UP TIMINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Units
T _{PU-READ} ¹	Power-up to Read Operation	100	μs
T _{PU-WRITE} 1	Power-up to Write Operation	5	ms

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TABLE 8: CAPACITANCE (Ta = 25°C, f=1 Mhz, other pins open)

Parameter	Description	Test Condition	Maximum
C _{I/O} ¹	I/O Pin Capacitance	$V_{I/O} = 0V$	12 pF
C _{IN} ¹	Input Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0V$	6 pF

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TABLE 9: RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum Specification	Units	Test Method
N _{END} ¹	Endurance	10,000	Cycles	JEDEC Standard A117
T _{DR} ¹	Data Retention	100	Years	JEDEC Standard A103
I _{LTH} ¹	Latch Up	100	mA	JEDEC Standard 78

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^{1.} This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.

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AC CHARACTERISTICS

TABLE 10: READ CYCLE TIMING PARAMETERS FOR SST29EE010

	Parameter	SST29EE010-70		SST29EE010-90		
Symbol		Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
T _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	70		90		ns
T _{CE}	Chip Enable Access Time		70		90	ns
T_{AA}	Address Access Time		70		90	ns
T_{OE}	Output Enable Access Time		30		40	ns
T_{CLZ}^{1}	CE# Low to Active Output	0		0		ns
T_{OLZ}^{1}	OE# Low to Active Output	0		0		ns
T _{CHZ} ¹	CE# High to High-Z Output		20		30	ns
T _{OHZ} ¹	OE# High to High-Z Output		20		30	ns
T _{OH} ¹	Output Hold from Address Change	0		0		ns

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TABLE 11: READ CYCLE TIMING PARAMETERS FOR SST29LE010

		SST29LE010-150		SST29LE010-200			
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units	
T _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	150		200		ns	
T _{CE}	Chip Enable Access Time		150		200	ns	
T _{AA}	Address Access Time		150		200	ns	
T _{OE}	Output Enable Access Time		60		100	ns	
T _{CLZ} ¹	CE# Low to Active Output	0		0		ns	
T _{OLZ} ¹	OE# Low to Active Output	0		0		ns	
T _{CHZ} ¹	CE# High to High-Z Output		30		50	ns	
T _{OHZ} ¹	OE# High to High-Z Output		30		50	ns	
T _{OH} ¹	Output Hold from Address Change	0		0		ns	

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TABLE 12: READ CYCLE TIMING PARAMETERS FOR SST29VE010

		SST29VE010-200 SST2		SST29V	E010-250	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
T _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	200		250		ns
T _{CE}	Chip Enable Access Time		200		250	ns
T _{AA}	Address Access Time		200		250	ns
T _{OE}	Output Enable Access Time		100		120	ns
T _{CLZ} ¹	CE# Low to Active Output	0		0		ns
T _{OLZ} ¹	OE# Low to Active Output	0		0		ns
T _{CHZ} ¹	CE# High to High-Z Output		50		50	ns
T _{OHZ} ¹	OE# High to High-Z Output		50		50	ns
T _{OH} ¹	Output Hold from Address Change	0		0		ns

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^{1.} This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.

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TABLE 13: PAGE-WRITE CYCLE TIMING PARAMETERS

		SST29	9EE010	SST29L	.E/VE010	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
T _{WC}	Write Cycle (Erase and Program)		10		10	ms
T _{AS}	Address Setup Time	0		0		ns
T _{AH}	Address Hold Time	50		70		ns
T _{CS}	WE# and CE# Setup Time	0		0		ns
T _{CH}	WE# and CE# Hold Time	0		0		ns
T _{OES}	OE# High Setup Time	0		0		ns
T _{OEH}	OE# High Hold Time	0		0		ns
T _{CP}	CE# Pulse Width	70		120		ns
T_WP	WE# Pulse Width	70		120		ns
T_{DS}	Data Setup Time	35		50		ns
T _{DH} ¹	Data Hold Time	0		0		ns
T _{BLC} ¹	Byte Load Cycle Time	0.05	100	0.05	100	μs
T _{BLCO} ¹	Byte Load Cycle Time	200		200		μs
T _{IDA} 1	Software ID Access and Exit Time		10		10	μs
T _{SCE}	Software Chip-Erase		20		20	ms

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^{1.} This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.

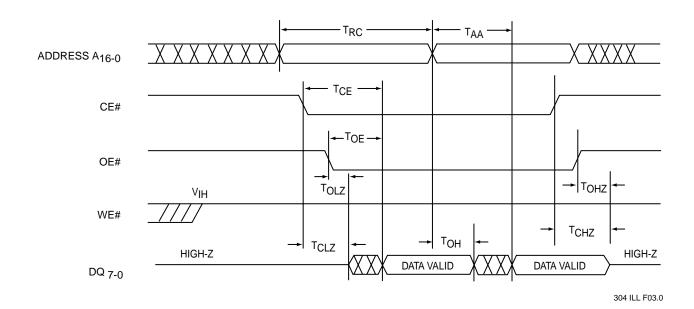


FIGURE 4: READ CYCLE TIMING DIAGRAM

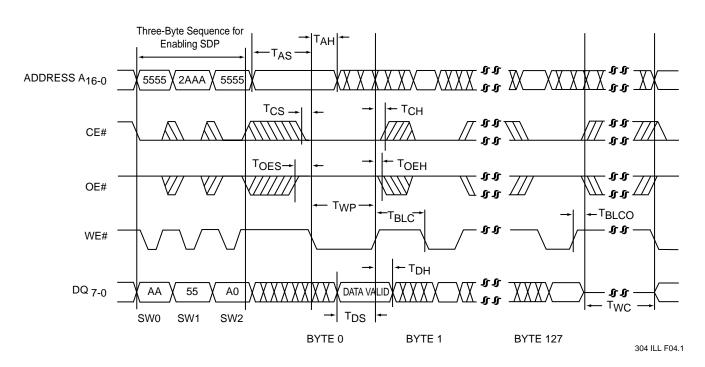


FIGURE 5: WE# CONTROLLED PAGE-WRITE CYCLE TIMING DIAGRAM



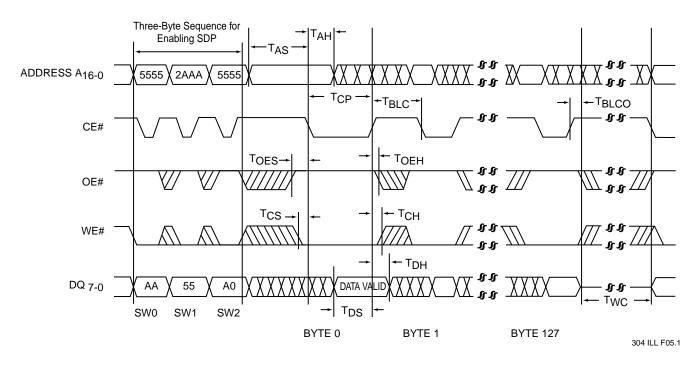


FIGURE 6: CE# CONTROLLED PAGE-WRITE CYCLE TIMING DIAGRAM

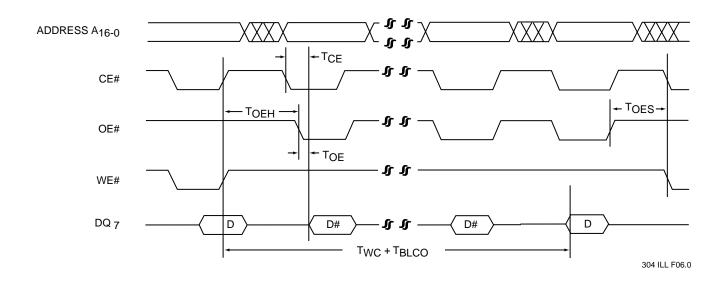


FIGURE 7: DATA# POLLING TIMING DIAGRAM

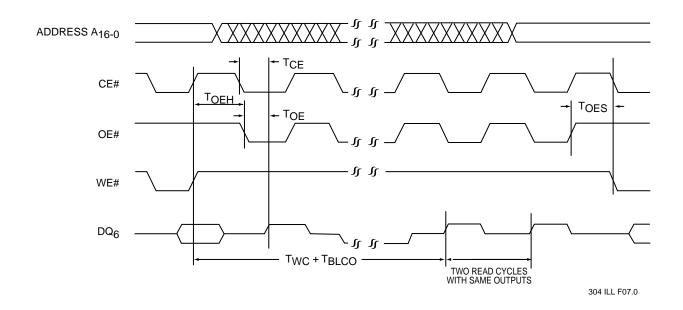


FIGURE 8: TOGGLE BIT TIMING DIAGRAM

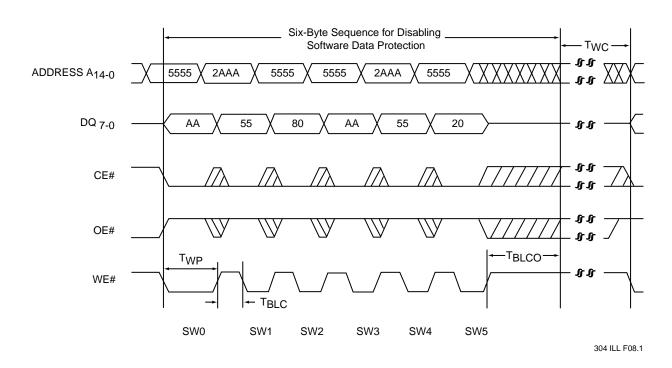


FIGURE 9: SOFTWARE DATA PROTECT DISABLE TIMING DIAGRAM



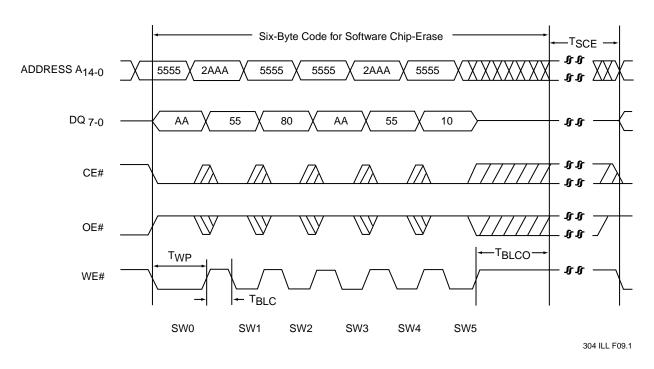


FIGURE 10: SOFTWARE CHIP-ERASE TIMING DIAGRAM

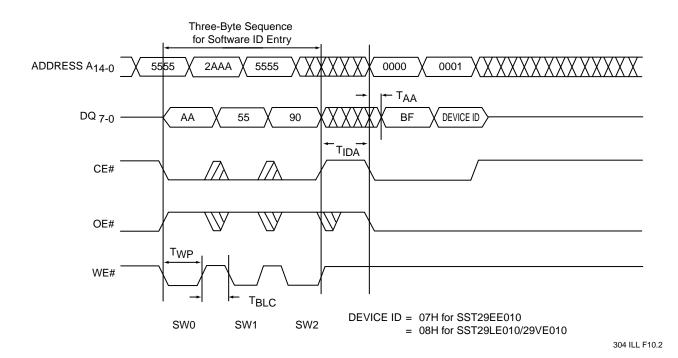


FIGURE 11: SOFTWARE ID ENTRY AND READ



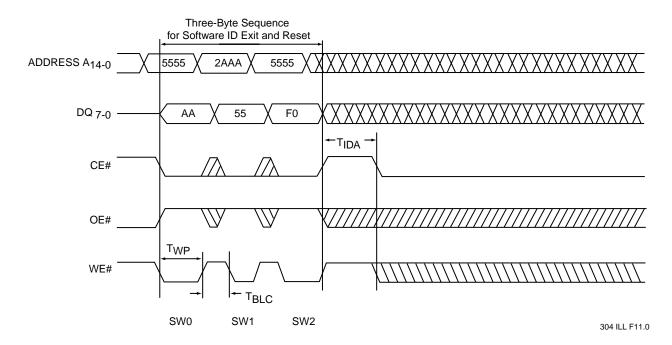
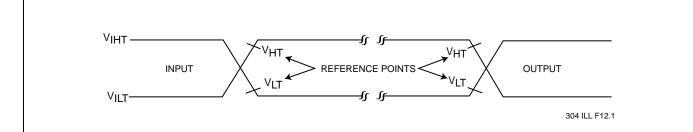


FIGURE 12: SOFTWARE ID EXIT AND RESET



Data Sheet



AC test inputs are driven at V_{IHT} (2.4V) for a logic "1" and V_{ILT} (0.4 V) for a logic "0". Measurement reference points for inputs and outputs are V_{HT} (2.0 V) and V_{LT} (0.8 V). Input rise and fall times (10% \leftrightarrow 90%) are <10 ns.

Note: V_{HT} - V_{HIGH} Test V_{LT} - V_{LOW} Test V_{IHT} - V_{INPUT} HIGH Test V_{ILT} - V_{INPUT} LOW Test

FIGURE 13: AC INPUT/OUTPUT REFERENCE WAVEFORMS

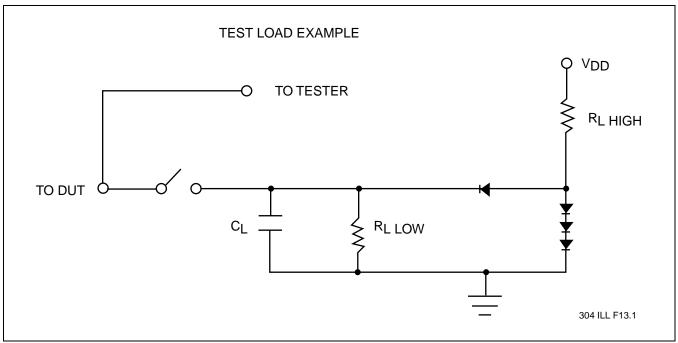


FIGURE 14: A TEST LOAD EXAMPLE

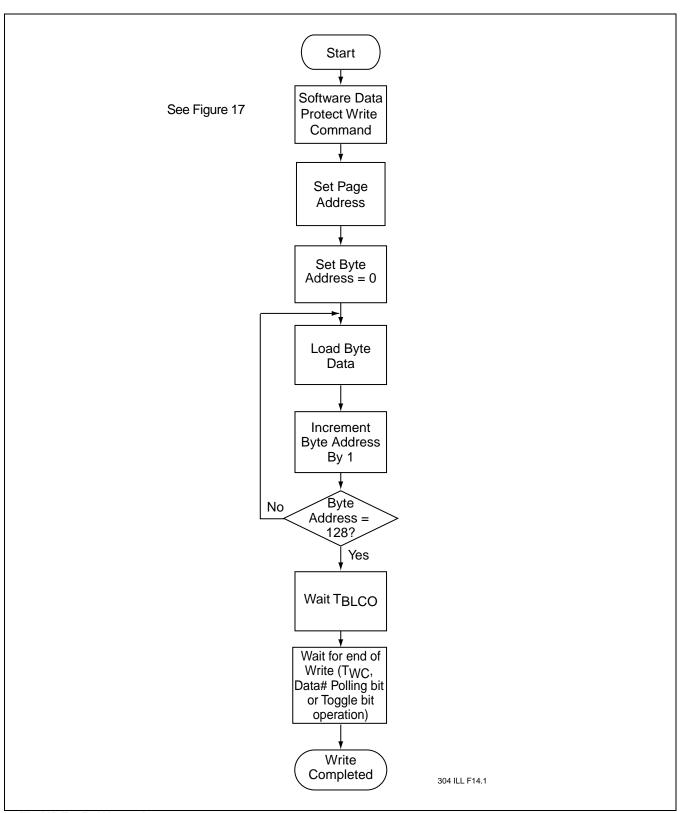


FIGURE 15: WRITE ALGORITHM



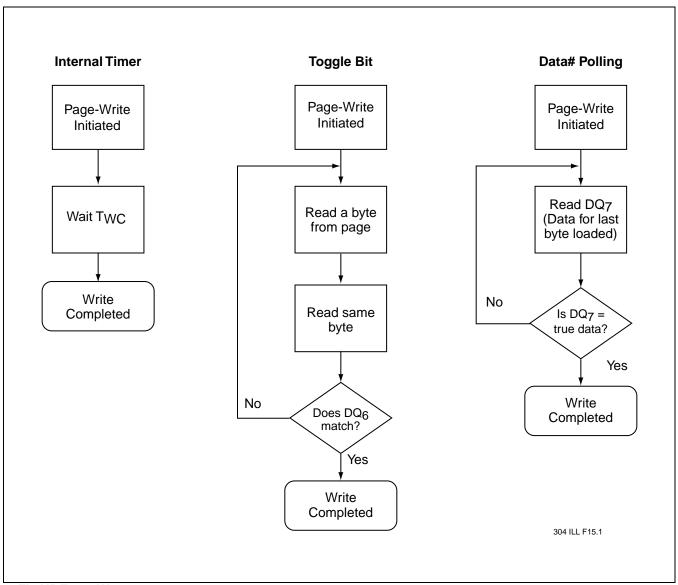


FIGURE 16: WAIT OPTIONS

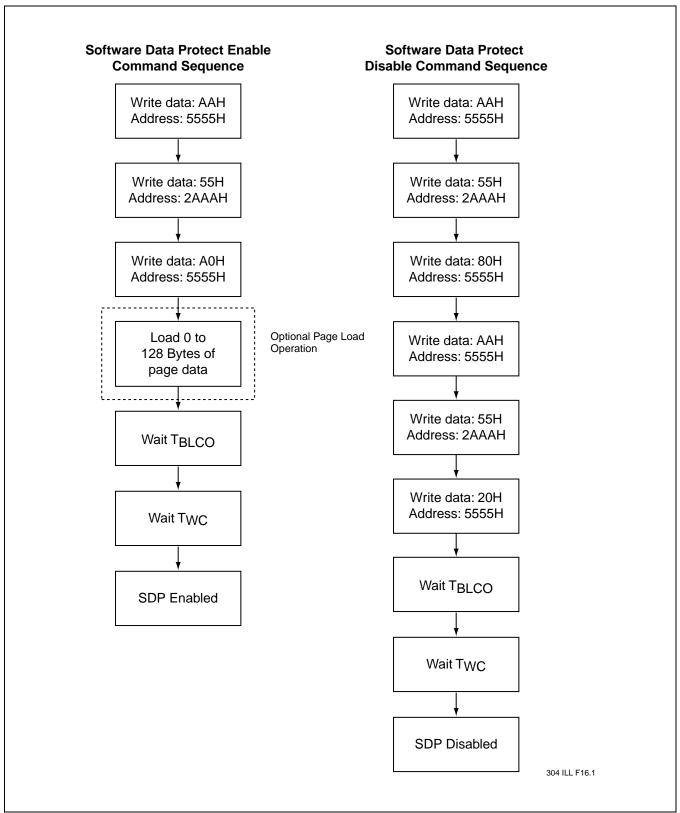


FIGURE 17: SOFTWARE DATA PROTECTION FLOWCHARTS



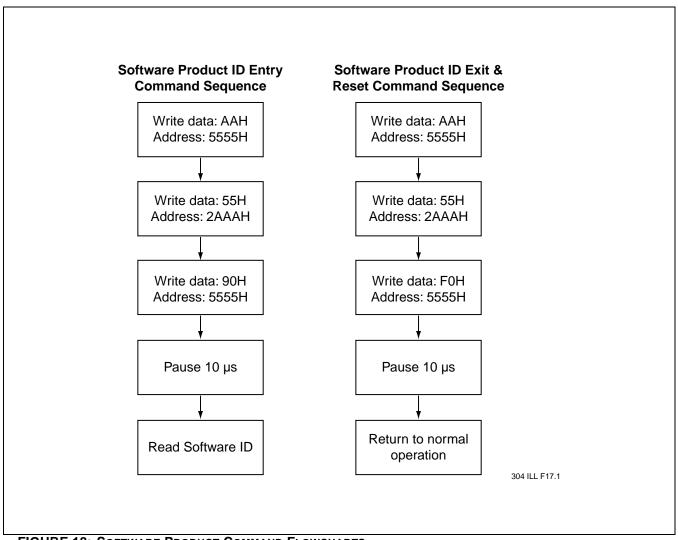


FIGURE 18: SOFTWARE PRODUCT COMMAND FLOWCHARTS

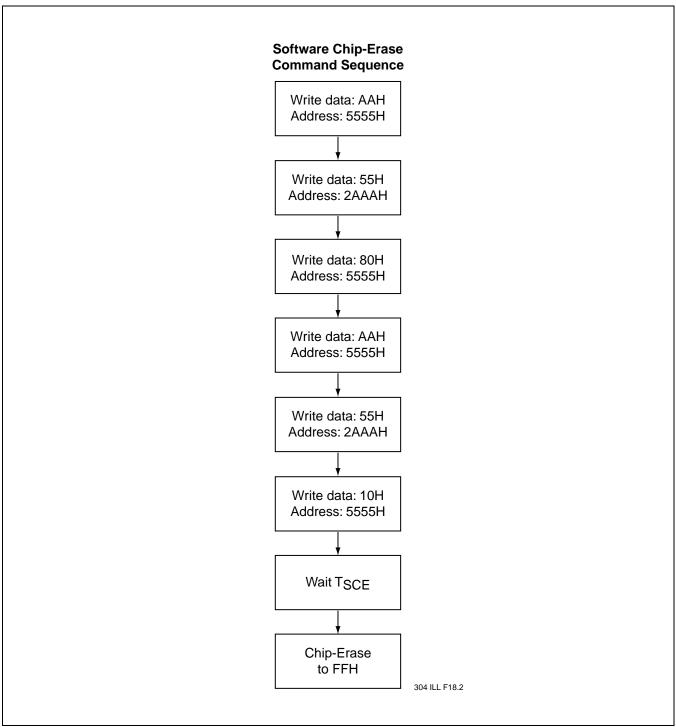
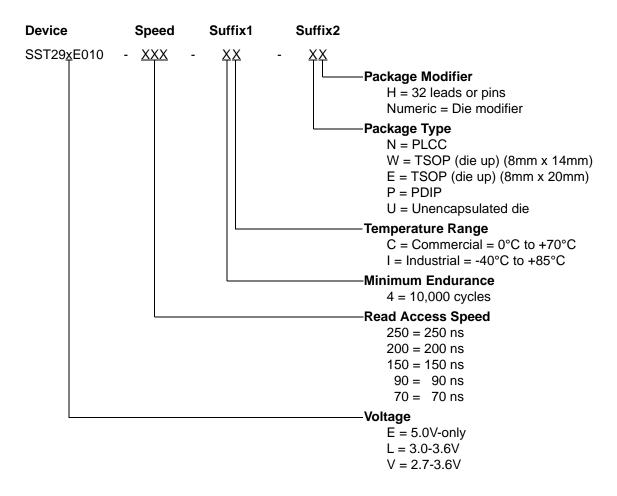


FIGURE 19: SOFTWARE CHIP-ERASE COMMAND CODES



Data Sheet

PRODUCT ORDERING INFORMATION





Data Sheet

Valid combinations for SST29EE010

SST29EE010-70-4C-NH SST29EE010-70-4C-WH SST29EE010-70-4C-EH SST29EE010-70-4C-PH SST29EE010-90-4C-NH SST29EE010-90-4C-WH SST29EE010-90-4C-EH SST29EE010-90-4C-PH

SST29EE010-70-4I-NH SST29EE010-70-4I-WH SST29EE010-70-4I-EH

SST29EE010-90-4C-U2

Valid combinations for SST29LE010

SST29LE010-150-4C-NH SST29LE010-150-4C-WH SST29LE010-150-4C-EH SST29LE010-150-4I-NH SST29LE010-150-4I-WH SST29LE010-150-4I-EH

SST29LE010-200-4C-U2

Valid combinations for SST29VE010

SST29VE010-200-4C-NH SST29VE010-200-4C-WH SST29VE010-200-4C-EH SST29VE010-200-4I-NH SST29VE010-200-4I-WH SST29VE010-200-4I-EH

SST29VE010-250-4C-U2

Note: Valid combinations are those products in mass production or will be in mass production. Consult your SST sales representative to confirm availability of valid combinations and to determine availability of new combinations.

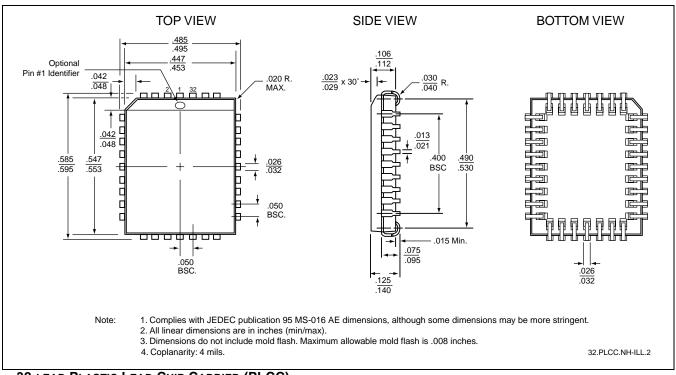
Note: The software Chip-Erase function is not supported by the industrial temperature part.

Please contact SST, if you require this function for an industrial temperature part.

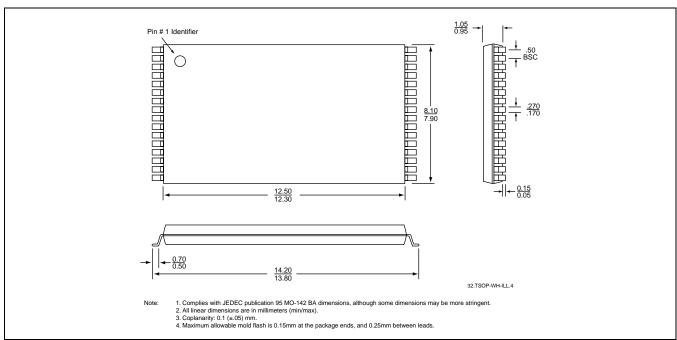


Data Sheet

PACKAGING DIAGRAMS



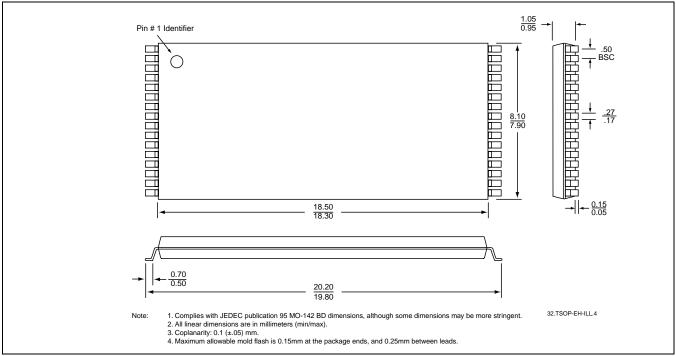
32-LEAD PLASTIC LEAD CHIP CARRIER (PLCC) SST PACKAGE CODE: NH



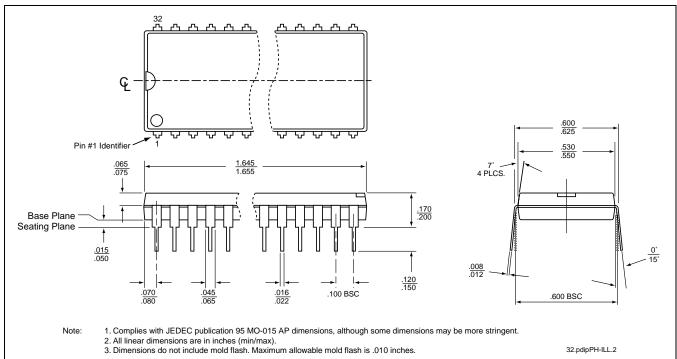
32-LEAD THIN SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (TSOP) 8MM X 14MM SST PACKAGE CODE: WH



Data Sheet



32-LEAD THIN SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (TSOP) 8MM X 20MM SST PACKAGE CODE: EH



32-PIN PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE (PDIP)

SST PACKAGE CODE: PH

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